関係代名詞 4-1主格の関係代名詞

I have a friend. He can speak English. 彼は→主格
I have a friend who can speak English.
1 日本文にしなさい。 (1) the girl who likes music ()少女 (2) the boy who is playing soccer ()少年 (3) I know the woman who plays the piano well.
 2 関係代名詞を使って、2つの文を1つにしなさい。 英3-4-1(2) また、出来た文の意味も書きなさい。 (1) I don't know the man. He came here yesterday.
訳
(2) She is a teacher. She teaches us English.
訳
(3) I know the girl. She is dancing over there.
訳
(4) Do you know the boy? He lives in Canada.
記
(5) The man is my father. He is sleeping under the tree.

4章 関係代名詞

4-1主格の関係代名詞

I have a friend. He can speak English. 彼は→主格 I have a friend can speak English. 関係代名詞 私には英語を話せる友だちがいます。 a friend と can speak English をつなぐ who を関係代名詞という。 修飾される a friend を 先行詞 といい、先行詞が「人」のときに 関係代名詞は who を使います。 ※「だれが」と訳さない 1日本文にしなさい。 (1) the girl who likes music (音楽へ好すな)少女 (2) the boy who is playing soccer (ナックノモノス・3)少年 (3) I know the woman who plays the piano well. 和はレチにでりを好く女人を知っている。 (4) I have a friend who lives in America. まいきはアナリカに住んでいる友だちかいる. 2 関係代名詞を使って、2つの文を1つにしなさい。 英3-4-1(2) また、出来た文の意味も書きなさい。 (1) I don't know the man. He came here yesterday. I don't know the man who came here yesterday 訳 44は日日2二八米下男性を足りらなり、 (2) She is a teacher. She teaches us English. She is a teacher who teaches us English. 訳 彼也は知らちに英語を教えているは生です。 (3) I know the girl. She is dancing over there. I know the girl who is dancing over there.

訳 知才 本:うで かって-3 かせを欠っている. (4) Do you know the boy? He lives in Canada. Do you know the boy who lives in Canada? 訳 あなていまカナケロ: 住人でいるり年を失っていますか、

(5) The man is my father. He is sleeping under the tree.

The man who is sleeping under the tree is my father.

IR KaF7- \$27-3 男性は 知る父です。

I have a camera. It was made in Italy.
でしてれは→主格 I have <u>a camera</u> which was made in Italy.
先行詞 関係代名詞
訳 私はイタリアで作られたカメラを持っています。 a cameraと was made in Italy をつなぐ which が関係代名詞。 修飾される a camera が 先行詞 で、先行詞が「物・動物」のときに 関係代名詞は which を使います。 ※「どれが」と訳さない
3 日本文にしなさい。
(1) the book which is on the desk ()本
(2) a dog which runs fast () 大
(3) This is a bus which goes to the station.
(4) The language which is spoken in Australia is English.
4 関係代名詞を使って、2つの文を1つにしなさい。 <u>英3-4-1(4)</u>
また、出来た文の意味も書きなさい。
(1) Look at the dog. It is sleeping on the chair.
記
(2) This is the book. It was written by him.
訳
(3) I have an animal. It has long ears.
記
(4) The bag is mine. It was made in China.
訳
(5) He has just read the letters. They came this morning.
訳

英3-4-1(3) I have a camera. It was made in Italy. それは→主格 which was made in Italy. I have a camera 関係代名詞 私はイタリアで作られたカメラを持っています。 a cameraと was made in Italy をつなぐ which が関係代名詞。 修飾される a camera が 先行詞で、先行詞が「物・動物」のときに 関係代名詞は which を使います。 ※「どれが」と訳さない 3日本文にしなさい。 (1) the book which is on the desk (和本与表)本 (2) a dog which runs fast (序之多) 大 (3) This is a bus which goes to the station. これは駅へ行くかってす (4) The language which is spoken in Australia is English. オーストラリアで話工れている言語は英語です 4 関係代名詞を使って、2つの文を1つにしなさい。 英3-4-1(4) また、出来た文の意味も書きなさい。 (1) Look at the dog. It is sleeping on the chair. Look at the dog which is sleeping on the chair. 訳 wfalt · bot - 3 大臣見切In. (2) This is the book. It was written by him. This is the book which was written by him. 訳これは彼によって型ロルトを手です。 (3) I have an animal. It has long ears. I have an animal which has long ears. 訳 和は毛の耳をした動物を倒っている。 (4) The bag is mine. It was made in China. The bag which was made in China is mine, 訳 中国で作られて(その) みばんは チャロです。 (5) He has just read the letters. They came this morning. He has just read the letters which came this morning. 訳復は今朝また手紙もちょうと読んだところです。

●関係代名詞that

I have a friend that can speak English. 私には英語を話せる友だちがいます。

I have a bag that was made in America. 私はアメリカで作られたバッグを持っています。

先行詞が《人》《物・動物》《人+物(動物)》のときに 関係代名詞 that が使えます。

☆主格の関係代名詞のまとめ

先行詞	関係代名詞	語順
人	who	《 人+who+動詞~》
もの・動物	which	《物·動物+which+動詞~》
人、もの(動物)	that	《人·物+that+動詞~》

I know the man and the dog that are walking in the park. 先行詞が[人+動物]のときなどは that しか使えない

英3-4-1(6)

5次の文のにwhoかwhichを入れ、文を完成させなさい。
(1) I have a book was written by a famous writer.
訳
(2) Do you know the girl is running in the park?
訳
(3) This is a house was built in 1995.
訳
(4) The man visited me yesterday is Mr. White.
訳
(5) Tom has an uncle lives in France.
記



●関係代名詞that

I have a friend that can speak English. 私には英語を話せる友だちがいます。

I have a bag that was made in America. 私はアメリカで作られたバッグを持っています。

先行詞が《人》《物・動物》《人+物(動物)》のときに 関係代名詞 that が使えます。

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もの・動物	which	《物·動物+which+動詞~》
人、もの(動物)	that	《人·物+that+動詞~》

I know the man and the dog that are walking in the park. 先行詞が[人+動物]のときなどは that しか使えない

英3-4-1(6)

5次の文の___にwhoかwhichを入れ、文を完成させなさい。

(1) I have a book which was written by a famous writer.

訳和は有名な作家によって書かれた本を持っている。

- (2) Do you know the girl who is running in the park?

 訳 まなには公園を走っているり女を欠っています。
- (3) This is a house which was built in 1995. 訳 これは 1995年に建てられた 家です。
- (4) The man who visited me yesterday is Mr. White.

 訳 即 和 を 対 わて 2 下 男 の 女 は ホワルト エル です
- (5) Tom has an uncle who lives in France.

 訳 ームロコオ フランスコニ は ま・よ・しゃいる.



1 各組の文がほぼ同じ内容になるように、()に適する語を書きなさい。
(1) { I knoe the girl who is singing over there. I know the girl () over there.
(2) This is a house built by my father. This is a house () () built by my father.
This is a house () () built by my father.
(3) I have a friend who lives in China. I have a friend () in China.
(4) She has a cat that has long hair. She has a cat () long hair.
She has a cat () long hair.
2 次の英文が成り立つようにに適する語を書きなさい。
(1) The day that comes between Monday and Wednesday is
(2) The season that comes after fall is
(3) The month of the year which has 28 or 29 days is
3 ()内の語句を並べかえて 英文を完成させなさい。 英3-4-1補(2)
つく がらの間 みと正 がんこく 人人とうじがここ なこく。
(1) 京都はたくさんの人々によって訪れられる都市です。
(people / Kyoto / that / a city / is / is / by / visited / many).
(2) 彼女は青い眼をした猫を飼っています。
(has / has / eyes / that / she / a cat / blue).
(3) 公園を走っている少年は疲れているように見えます。
The boy (tired / running / that / looks / the park / is /in).
The boy
4 次の日本文を、英語に直しなさい。
(1) ギターを弾いている男性は私の父です。
(2) 彼女はフランス(France)製のバッグを持っています。

1 各組の文がほぼ同じ内容になるように、()に適する語を書きなさい。 (1) { I know the girl (singing) over there. I know the girl (singing) over there. (2) { This is a house built by my father. This is a house (which) (was) built by my father. (3) { I have a friend who lives in China. I have a friend (living) in China. (4) { She has a cat that has long hair. She has a cat (w: +h) long hair.
2 次の英文が成り立つようにに適する語を書きなさい。
(1) The day that comes between Monday and Wednesday is Tuesday.
(2) The season that comes after fall is winter.
(3) The month of the year which has 28 or 29 days is February.
3 ()内の語句を並べかえて、英文を完成させなさい。 <u>英3-4-1補(2)</u>
(1) 京都はたくさんの人々によって訪れられる都市です。
(people / Kyoto / that / a city / is / is / by / visited / many).
Kyoto is a city that is visited by many people. (2) 彼女は青い眼をした猫を飼っています。
(has / has / eyes / that / she / a cat / blue).
She has a cat that has blue eyes .
(3) 公園を走っている少年は疲れているように見えます。
The boy (tired / running / that / looks / the park / is /in).
The boy that is running in the park looks tired.
4次の日本文を、英語に直しなさい。
(1) ギターを弾いている男性は私の父です。
The man who is playing the quitar is my father.
The man who is playing the guitar is my father. (2) 彼女はフランス(France)製のバッグを持っています。
She has a bag which was made in France.